1) Work out $3.6 \times 10^{3}-2.8 \times 10^{2}$
2) Expand and simplify $(x+3)(x-5)$
3) Factorise $\mathrm{x}^{2}-8 \mathrm{x}+12$
4) An antique is sold for $£ 360$ making a profit of $20 \%$. What was the original price of the antique?
5) Work out $\frac{7}{8}+\frac{5}{12}$ giving your answer as a mixed number
