1) Solve simultaneously 3x - 3y = 9 and 2x - y = 9



2) One solution of cos x = 0.939692 is $x = 20^{\circ}$ What is the other solution in the range $0^{\circ} \le x < 360^{\circ}$?

3) Find the 50th term of the sequences 7, -1, -9, -17, -25, ...

4) Find
$$fg(x)$$
 where $f(x) = 3x + 2$ and $g(x) = x^2$

5) Simplify
$$\frac{2}{x+3} - \frac{x}{x+2}$$

Shape B is an enlargement of shape A with scale factor 3.
If the area of shape B is 36cm², what is the area of shape A?



2) Work out $4\times 10^6\times 6\times 10^5$, giving your answer in standard form

3) Solve using the quadratic formula (and a calculator) $5x^2 - 3x - 6 = 0$

4) Evaluate 9^{-2} and $9^{\frac{1}{2}}$

5) The value of x is given as 230 rounded to 2 significant figures. State the upper and lower bounds

1) Solve simultaneously 3x - 4y = 26 and 5x + 3y = 24



2) One solution of sin x = 0.422618 ... is $x = 25^{\circ}$ What is the other solution in the range $0^{\circ} \le x < 360^{\circ}$?

3) Find the 50th term of the sequences -8, -1, 6, 13, ...

4) Find gf(x) where f(x) = 3x + 2 and $g(x) = x^2$

5) Simplify
$$\frac{3}{2x+6} + \frac{3x-5}{x+3}$$

Shape B is an enlargement of shape A with scale factor 4.
If the area of shape B is 48cm², what is the area of shape A?



2) Work out $3.2\times 10^5\times 4\times 10^7$, giving your answer in standard form

3) Solve using the quadratic formula (and a calculator) $2.3x^2 + 4.5x - 6.7 = 0$

4) Evaluate $8^{\frac{2}{3}}$ and $4^{\frac{3}{2}}$

5) The value of x is given as 8.9 rounded to 1 decimal place. State the upper and lower bounds

1) Solve simultaneously 3x + 4y = 14 and x + 6y = 7



2) One solution of sin x = -0.342020 ... is $x = 200^{\circ}$ What is the other solution in the range $0^{\circ} \le x < 360^{\circ}$?

3) Find the 100th term of the sequences 46, 52, 58, 64, ...

4) Find fg(x) where f(x) = 3x + 8 and $g(x) = x^2 - 6$

5) Simplify
$$\frac{2}{x+3} - \frac{5}{x}$$

Shape B is an enlargement of shape A with scale factor 3.
If the area of shape A is 36cm², what is the area of shape B?



2) Work out $(3.2 \times 10^9) \div (4 \times 10^4)$, giving your answer in standard form

3) Solve using the quadratic formula (and a calculator) $1.2x^2 + 3.4x = 0$

4) Evaluate 4^{-2} and $4^{-\frac{1}{2}}$

5) The value of *x* is given as 400 rounded to **2** significant figures. State the upper and lower bounds